

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky—Fair and warmer Wednesday. Thursday fair. Indiana—Showers and thunderstorms on Wednesday. Thursday fair and warmer; fresh to brisk west winds. Tennessee—Fair Wednesday and Thursday. Warmer Thursday.

THE LATEST.

Predictions were made in Chicago last night that the teamsters' strike would be called off probably within forty-eight hours, and certainly by the end of the week. It is not probable that any definite action toward an adjustment will be taken until the meeting of national officers of the Teamsters' Union. Mayor Dunne assumed a firm attitude yesterday in conference with the labor leaders, and told them he would certainly call for troops in the event there was a further spread of the strike. Samuel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, has arrived in Chicago and says he will do all in his power to end the strike.

President George R. Robbins, of the Armour Car Lines, in testifying before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, yesterday stated that his company had twenty or thirty exclusive contracts with railroads for fruit transportation, and enjoyed a monopoly of this traffic in certain regions of the West and South. He claimed that his company was not subject to the interstate commerce law.

The decision of the Isthmian Canal Commission to purchase its supplies abroad is causing a good deal of annoyance to that element of the Republican party which is in favor of continuing the existing high tariff programme, and has brought the issue of revision sharply forward as a subject of consideration by the next Congress.

The Missouri Supreme Court yesterday reversed the judgments under which Charles E. Gutke and Charles F. Kelly, former members of the House of Delegates at St. Louis, charged respectively with perjury and bribery in the "boodling" cases, were convicted and sentenced to the penitentiary.

Witnesses were introduced before the Federal grand jury in Chicago yesterday to show that cattle buyers for the packing concerns and representatives of commission houses had adopted a practice of meeting each morning and agreeing on the price of cattle for the day.

A story that Mrs. John E. Madden is in Lexington to seek a compromise of her differences with her husband by which he would buy her a farm is denied by persons who claim to know Mr. Madden's position, which is stated to be that he will not give his wife a cent.

Negotiations for the purchase of 500,000 acres of cassava lands in Northern Florida and Southern Alabama are said to have been practically completed by packing firms of Chicago, Kansas City and Omaha. The land is intended for cattle-feeding purposes.

An imperial rescript issued in St. Petersburg modifies the restrictive decrees in nine of the western governments of Russia, giving Poles and Catholics the freedom of acquiring farming lands and purchasing landed properties and industrial premises.

Civil Service Commissioner Green is in Owensboro investigating charges that Collector E. T. Franks levied assessments on internal revenue employees to aid Dr. W. G. Godfrey Hunter in the recent Eleventh district congressional contest.

Judge John H. Foster, Republican, was elected Congressman over Maj. G. W. Menzies, Democrat, in the First Indiana district by an estimated plurality of 1,100, compared to 3,758 for Hemmaway at the regular election last fall.

Baron des Planches, the Italian Ambassador to the United States, is to make a tour of the South with a view to recommending locations favorable for the settlement of Italian immigrants.

A permanent committee will be formed to-day at a meeting on the steamer Queen City in the lower Ohio to take charge of the calling of the national convention of waterway interests.

There was a large attendance at the ceremonies at Forrest Park, Memphis, yesterday when the equestrian statue of Gen. Nathan Bedford Forrest was unveiled.

The general Baptist convention, the first joint meeting of Baptists from North and South since ante-bellum days, began in St. Louis yesterday.

The tenth annual meeting of the National Manufacturers' Association began yesterday at Atlanta with more than 300 delegates in attendance.

The Alabama Railroad Commission has decided to make no immediate changes in railway tariffs in this State.

Kirk La Shelle, the theatrical manager, died yesterday at Belmont, N. Y., after a week's illness of diabetes.

The defense in the Hoch case rested yesterday and the State's Attorney began his address to the jury.

FINISH

Of the Teamsters' Strike Rapidly Approaching.

MAY BE CALLED OFF TO-DAY.

AN IMPORTANT MEETING UNION OFFICIALS.

DUNNE TAKES FIRM

Says He Will Surely Ask for State Troops in Event of More Walk Outs.

RIOTING ON THE DECREASE.

Chicago, May 16.—Although no facts have as yet transpired to fully warrant the prediction, it is asserted both by members of the Employers' Association and by the conservative element in the ranks of the teamsters that the present strike will be called off, probably within forty-eight hours and certainly by the end of the week.

It is not likely that any definite action looking to an adjustment of the trouble will be taken prior to the meeting of the national officers of the Teamsters' Union, which is expected will be held here to-morrow.

Chief among the causes which lead to the prediction of settlement are the firm stand taken this afternoon by Mayor Dunne, when in conference with President Shea and officials of the local Teamsters' Union, he assured them that any further spread of the strike would certainly make it necessary for him to call for troops, and the arrival of President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, who reached the city this evening.

Gompers Will Try To End It. Although not possessed of executive power in the settlement of the strike, President Gompers declared that he had every hope that its end was not far distant.

"It was my intention to come to Chicago anyway at the end of the week," said Mr. Gompers, "but after holding a conversation over the telephone with Mr. Shea yesterday, I decided to anticipate my visit somewhat and came at once. I certainly shall do all in my power to end the strike, and I have great hopes of success."

Early to-night, immediately after leaving his train, President Gompers went into conference with President Shea and local officials of the Teamsters' Union. This conference lasted until a late hour to-night.

Few Cases of Rioting.

The Employers' Association and the express companies increased their scope of delivery still further to-day. Something over 2,000 wagons were in use, and business for the most part was transacted without hindrance of any kind. There were a few cases of small sized rioting, which were dispersed by a few policemen, who used their clubs in vigorous fashion. The merchants and department stores are confident that they will be able to extend their operations still further to-morrow and have at least 2,300 wagons in full service.

Three hundred and fifty men were brought into the city to-day to take the places of strikers and as many more are expected to-morrow.

Assaults On Nonunion Men.

At the hearing before Master in Charge Sherman, where evidence is being taken relative to the Federal injunctions issued against the strikers, F. K. Buckminster, superintendent of a private detective agency, cited fully two dozen instances of where assaults have been committed on nonunion men and the Federal injunctions violated. He gave the names and localities and asserted that the majority of the rioters were wearing the buttons of the Teamsters' Union. The attorneys for the defendants made vigorous objection to the admission of the testimony, but the Master allowed it to go in.

John H. Donahue, a guard on a United States Express Company wagon which was used after the commencement of the teamsters' strike for the transfer of Government money, evaded many questions put to him by the attorneys for the plaintiffs on the ground that he did not wish to incriminate himself.

It was sought to show by Donahue that he had been provided by the union with a pass, allowing the passage through the streets with the money. But he refused to make such admission. He did not deny that he had such a pass, neither would he admit it.

The School Strikes.

Warrants were sworn out to-day before Judge Mack by Superintendent of Compulsory Education Bodine for the ringleaders of the "strikes" at the public schools and also for the parents of many of the pupils whose children have not returned to school. The school officials decided to put down the school "strikes" if it should be necessary to take several hundred pupils and their parents into custody.

The employing liverymen vainly endeavored to-day to induce President Shea and his fellow unionists to permit the delivery of passengers at the boys' refusal to stand delivery. Committee men, of the employers, declared after leaving the meeting that he would call a session of the Employers' Association and insist upon its members

doing business with the boycotted houses even if it was necessary to look out all employees to do so.

GUITEAU'S BROTHER-IN-LAW SEEKS \$5,000 DAMAGES.

Charges Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Chaney With Alienating His Wife's Affections.

DECISION TO BUY ABROAD

IS PROFANATION OF HIGH TARIFF TEMPLE.

PRESIDENT IS RESPONSIBLE

For a Purpose Which Will Bring Question of Revision Into the Limelight.

MET IN MORNING AND AGREED ON DAY'S PRICES.

Cattle Buyers and Commission Firms Believed To Have Fixed Things To Suit Themselves.

Chicago, May 16.—An attempt was made at to-day's session of the Federal grand jury, which is investigating the affairs of the beef packing industry, to show that the cattle buyers for the packing concerns, and certain commission firms, met each morning and agreed upon the prices to be paid for live stock during the day. Evidence along this line was sought from C. E. Van Norman, head of the Van Norman Commission Company, and S. P. Ingerson, of Rosenbaum Brothers, another commission firm, who were on the stand all afternoon.

LOUISVILLE

HONORED BY THE STATE DENTAL ASSOCIATION.

Head Officers Chosen From Delegation From This City.

Lexington, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—The thirty-fifth annual convention of the State Dental Association ended this afternoon with one of the largest crowds ever in attendance at a similar meeting. The session to-day was augmented by a number of prominent dentists from over the State, who arrived last night and this morning.

The feature of the closing day was the election of officers who will serve for the next two years, and all of the head officers of the association were chosen from the Louisville delegation. They are: Henry Pirle, president; Max M. Ebbe, vice president; W. M. Randall, secretary; F. B. Wilder, treasurer. The board of trustees is composed of Newton T. Yenger, Louisville; L. E. Hoffman, Lexington; and M. H. Dalley, Paris. The members selected by the association to be recommended to the Governor by the board of trustees for appointment on the State Board of Examiners are J. C. Montgomery, Elizabethtown, and J. W. Jewett, Independence, Ky.

The next meeting place of the association was not selected at the meeting to-day, and it is believed there were a number of delegates who thought the convention be brought to their respective cities, the matter was left open and will be decided later by the Executive Committee.

PRESIDENT COMER'S MOTIONS VOTED DOWN.

Alabama Railroad Commission Will Make No Immediate Change in Tariff.

Montgomery, Ala., May 16.—The Alabama Railroad Commission to-day adjourned after a thorough investigation of the railroad rates in this State and after declining to make any reduction or allowing any advances in the tariff now prevailing. This does not represent the attitude of President B. B. Comer, of the commission, however, who offered three motions in quick succession which called for radical reductions in the freight rates and rates on numerous articles of common use which are produced in Alabama. All of these motions were defeated by the vote of two to one, his two associate commissioners of the board voting in every instance against him.

The only motion which did prevail called upon the railroads operating in Alabama within forty days to submit revised tariffs to the commission for approval, the object being to eliminate "some inequalities, inaccuracies and discriminations," which the associate commissioners, Messrs. C. C. Tucker and W. T. Sanders, acknowledged do exist in the rates as at present scheduled in Alabama.

GENERAL PAPER COMPANY CHARGED WITH BEING TRUST.

Taking of Testimony Begun in Case Instituted by Government in Minnesota.

Milwaukee, Wis., May 16.—Special Examiner Robert S. Taylor, appointed by the United States Circuit Court of Minnesota, began the taking of testimony to-day in the case instituted by the Government in behalf of petitioners against the General Paper Company, which the Government claims to be a trust. The Government is also represented by Special Agent of New York and Frank Kellogg, St. Paul, assisted by Robert E. Olds, M. Alexander, secretary-treasurer of the General Paper Company, was the first witness called and asked for the record of the proceedings of the meeting held at Chicago on May 10, 1904, when the company was formed on May 26, 1900. There are twenty-five paper companies involved in the suit, with a total capital of \$1,000,000. Secretary Alexander admitted that stock in the company was sold by the various paper companies belonging to the concern. The examination of witnesses is expected to continue for a week.

Drowned While Bathing.

Birmingham, Ala., May 16.—George Welsh, foreman at the plant of the United States Iron and Foundry Company at Bessemer, was seized with cramps while bathing in a pond this morning and drowned before aid could reach him. Mr. Welsh was formerly of Atlanta.

RUDE SHOCK

Given Stand-Patters By Canal Commission.

DECISION TO BUY ABROAD

IS PROFANATION OF HIGH TARIFF TEMPLE.

PRESIDENT IS RESPONSIBLE

For a Purpose Which Will Bring Question of Revision Into the Limelight.

GROSVENOR RATHER ANNOYED.

Washington, May 16.—[Special.]—It was expected that the decision of the Isthmian Canal Commission to purchase supplies for the construction of the canal, boats and all, in foreign markets would cause more than a ripple of interest among public men, but it was hardly thought that it would grow to the proportions of a deep and profound sensation among the high protection and "stand pat" wing of the Republican party, but it has. There was walling and gnashing of teeth in Washington to-day among the few stand-patters who are in the city, and they all viewed it as a most unfortunate if not fatal ruling for the great principle of high protection as preached by the Republican party. What hurt most of all was the fact that it was not the Canal Commission that had made the open declaration, but Theodore Roosevelt himself, the Republican President of the United States. It hardly seemed to them as possible that he could do such a thing, for it was a direct and fatal thrust against all their long-cherished arguments for the high protective doctrine. As stated, only a few of the big guns in the party are here, and those who were asked for their opinions had them in plenty, but did not want their names used until they "more fully understood the order."

Even Grosvenor Was Disconcerted.

Even Gen. Grosvenor, one of the chief apostles of protection, dodged the issue, and made a weak effort to place the blame upon Congress for not having passed a ship subsidy bill. However, when Grosvenor was made to face the question of what he thought of the proposition to buy general supplies abroad, he said: "I do not desire to be placed in the attitude of a critic, I am a protectionist. We have built up the policy of protective tariff in this country on the basis of higher prices. Those prices were higher because we paid our labor better wages. People have become more cognizant every year of the benefits of the policy, and they understand the reason for higher prices. The country would rather pay a little more for something that is made at home, furnishing employment for home work, and giving them better pay, than they would for something that is made abroad and which would deprive them of employment. The Government is to be the complainant against the prices that are the result of this employment of American labor at American wages. It will certainly furnish a theme for some very interesting deliberations over the tariff."

One Man Grosvenor Is Afraid Of.

Just when Grosvenor ceased to be a critic upon public questions, is rather a funny thing to make any statement yesterday, but he, like many of his kind, is afraid of the White House occupant. Then Grosvenor knows, if he has the brains of a mouse, that the difference of wages paid to the foreigner and American could not possibly make the difference between the prices of goods sold in this country and abroad. That old Republican campaign line has been exploded time and time again, and even the American manufacturers have repudiated it.

The Washington Star, in commenting upon the question, says: "The high tariff men say that it may be possible to head off the contemplated action, but that the harm already has been done, in their opinion, by giving the revision, furnished by the free traders an argument, and that the harm already has been done, in their opinion, by giving the revision, furnished by the free traders an argument, and that the harm already has been done, in their opinion, by giving the revision, furnished by the free traders an argument."

Have Brought Issue On Themselves.

The division in this view of the case will be that the high tariff people and the protected industries have brought the issue upon themselves by overplaying their hand. It is known that the Isthmian Canal Commission has been confronted with prices on steel rails, for the double tracking of the Panama railway, several dollars a ton in excess of the price of the very same rails, sold by the same American makers, in foreign markets. The same is said to be true of other supplies and machinery.

That is a revival of the argument of which so many of the high tariff advocates made in the last campaign. The Republican campaign managers met it with the statement that the goods sold abroad at cheaper prices were the surplus products of the mills, the making of which enabled the mills to keep running, and to keep labor employed. The Republican campaign text book for 1904, issued by the Republican National Committee, put that the amount of American goods sold abroad was at home was one-third of one per cent. of the total output of American factories.

Are They Bluffing Manufacturers?

The view was expressed in some quarters to-day that the proposed plan of purchase of goods abroad was an endeavor of the Canal Commission to back down the American manufacturers in their prices, and that barring the possible purchase of a ship or two as an emergency measure, the commission would never put into effect the proposed plan.

It is now generally admitted that this decision upon the part of the President will bring to the front early in the next session of Congress the whole question of tariff and tariff revision, and that for the latter the Democrats will have with them the support of the President. The fight for reciprocity and lower tariff schedules will be unopposed and the result self-evident. Upon it depends the fate of the two parties in 1908.

Brownlow Thinks It Possible.

Representative Brownlow, of Tennessee, will be dead and forgotten before his absurd scheme to create a new Southern State out of the mountain portions of North Carolina, Tennessee, Kentucky and Virginia is accomplished, but like the man with a hobby, he is still talking it up. He is here, and said to-day: "I know that the consent of the four States is necessary, but I don't see why we can't get that consent. The Democrats certainly ought to be glad to get rid of us, and then they won't have to bother so much about stuffing ballot boxes and resorting to other dangerous tricks. If we were out of the way the Democrats could have things all their own way in the other portions of the four States. In Southeastern Kentucky the political sentiment is practically unanimous in its Republicanism. The same thing is true in Eastern Tennessee, where there are two Republican members of Congress, selected by overwhelming majorities in Western Kentucky, where the Republicans are in majority if treated fairly, and in Southwestern Virginia. A State made out of these four sections would be one of the greatest in the country, unexcelled in its natural resources and rich in patriotism."

"If we can't get the consent of the four States we can't get the consent of the Democratic Congress and our State would be created. We realize the difficulties in the way of the creation of the new State, but that is being thrown upon it in some directions, but if we can convince the Democrats that it will be better to give us up they may do so."

Senator Warren's Plan.

Here is the opinion of Senator Warren, of Wyoming, as to "how to increase the revenues." It is taken from the Washington Star. After reading it any one can see what a great statesman Senator Warren is.

Senator Warren, of Wyoming, bade the President to-day, "Where do you see the direction of increasing revenues, he said, and I will give you the subject careful consideration. I think that the war revenue taxes were cut, and I said so in the House of Representatives. We can restore some of these or devise new ones without having to bother with the tariff. I think we are running behind now. It will do no great amount of harm unless it is allowed to go too long. The United States has been spending on some important investments, and we are paying cash out of the Treasury on the Panama canal. We are building a navy and bringing it up to a point where it will be valuable to us. Consequently our excess of expenditures have not been without good reason. It is like a man putting in addition to his house. His expenditures may be in excess of his income for a while, but he will probably not be allowed to continue that way."

President Believes in Democratic Doctrine.

Buy in the open market, no trusts, and plenty of competition has always been the principles of the Democratic doctrine. President Roosevelt is a Democrat. It looks like things were coming our way.

Is Quite a Joke.

The idea that this country has to go abroad to purchase good material articles is quite a joke. It is also a serious joke on the Republican party who run the Government, and yet it is true, and pity it is true, for has not the President himself said so.

The Cat is Out of the Bag Good and Sure.

The cat is out of the bag good and sure, for it seems that the Government is also going to be convinced to go to Europe to buy materials for its own use. And think of it! This is the United States, the land of the greatest resources in the world for protection of the raw and manufactured materials. How is that protective policy for high?

How many more slaps in the face does the President have to give before he will be convinced to go to Europe to buy materials for its own use. And think of it! This is the United States, the land of the greatest resources in the world for protection of the raw and manufactured materials. How is that protective policy for high?

Southern Tour Will Be His Last.

The trip of the President South the first of October will in no way interfere with the prospective extra session of Congress. The President is reported to have said to-day that his Southern tour early in the fall would be his last. He has said that he might be misinterpreted by the people in the light of a desire for reelection. He has said that he might be misinterpreted by the people in the light of a desire for reelection.

Mr. James Allison, of the editorial staff of the Washington Star, left for his old Kentucky home yesterday to spend a well-earned vacation.

The following rural carriers have been appointed for Tennessee routes: Olive Hill—Route 8, John T. Lawson, carrier; Lu. Lawson, substitute. Route 4, James M. Patterson, carrier; Nach. Caperton, substitute.

Kentuckian On Board of Review.

Washington, May 16.—Commissioner of Pensions Warner to-day took final action on the appeal of the Kentuckian Review of that office, from which ten members of that office were asked to resign for alleged incompetency. The review was a review of that office, from which ten members of that office were asked to resign for alleged incompetency.

EVA BOOTH SPEAKS

TO CROWD OF 15,000.

Kansas City, May 16.—Commander Eva Booth, of the Salvation Army, addressed 15,000 people in Convention Hall to-night, a larger audience even than her father spoke to here and which he said was the largest meeting ever held by the army outside of London. United States Senator Warner delivered the address of welcome and a chorus of 2,000 sang. Miss Booth is much distressed over a report called to London that she had broken down completely, and she insisted on speaking to-night to refute this report.

The Fleet Overmanned.

The Admiralty considers there is no harm now in divulging the fact that the Russian fleet is overmanned. Instead of undermanned, and when they left Libau there was still hope that Chilean and Argentine warships could be purchased and portions of the crews designed for them were carried on board the Russian fleet.

Many naval men incline to the opinion that the Russian fleet will pass out of the China Sea into the Pacific through the Ballantyne Channel north of the Island of Luzon, Philippine Islands, and give Formosa a wide berth instead of sailing through the 200 mile stretch of the Straits of Formosa in which the Russians might be subject to a torpedo attack.

More Ships For Rojstevsky.

Another division of re-enforcements for Rojstevsky is almost ready at Cronstadt and will be sent out under the command of Admiral Paresno. It will consist of two fine new battleships, the Slava and the Emperor Alexander II, two cruisers, a torpedo cruiser, a gunboat, a transport and several minor units. The division is now engaged in speed trials and maneuvering off Cronstadt.

The Appearance of this Reserve Division in the Far East in the course of summer should the hostile fleets appear equally in the coming battle is counted upon to give Russia the necessary decisive preponderance upon the sea. The possession of this division, naval men believe, may ultimately prove Russia's salvation.

EXCITEMENT IN TOKIO

Over Reported Occupation of Haichou By German Troops.

Tokio, May 16, 3 p. m.—It is semi-officially announced that the Japanese Government has received conflicting reports relating to the Haichou incident, one being to the effect that the Germans occupied the place and raised and lowered their flag, and another to the effect that the Germans were merely engaged in surveying.

Pending the receipt of full and correct information the Government here refrains from discussing the matter.

Berlin, May 16.—The Foreign Office, replying to an inquiry of the Associated Press regarding the excitement at Tokio over the report that the German troops had occupied Haichou, in the southern part of the Shantung peninsula, says the report is wholly incorrect and one of several reports designed to make it appear that Germany is attempting in Shantung what Russia did in Manchuria. The German Government is doing nothing in Shantung outside of fulfilling her treaty agreement with China, which fact has been communicated both to the Washington and Tokio Governments. The Foreign Office regards these reports as spread to mislead the opinion of the world concerning Germany's aims and acts.

POLICE ATTACKED BY MOB

At Warsaw Fire On Their Pursuers—One Man Is Killed.

Warsaw, May 16.—There were disturbances in the Jewish quarter this evening. Police were attacked by a mob and forced to take refuge in a market hall from which they shot and killed one and wounded another of the mob. The workmen's committee issued a manifesto to-day denouncing agitators, saying that they had deceived the workmen, who have been led to believe a general revolution was afoot throughout Russia, and as a result a number had been killed without gain. The committee implored the workmen to return to work and secure their aims by peaceful methods.

A message by telephone from Lodz

reports that slight disorders continue but many are returning to work.

Two Policemen Killed.

Riga, European Russia, May 16.—Two policemen were killed by unknown persons at midnight near Gulenberg Park. A bomb was thrown at a police patrol, with the result that a policeman was killed. A policeman who was among those who were pursuing the bomb throwers was shot and killed by the assassins, who were armed with revolvers.

A Governor General Shot.

Ufa, Russia, May 16.—Maj. Gen. Golovinsky, Governor General of the province of Ufa, was fired upon by a mob in the public garden during an entertainment. His assailant disappeared. Gen. Golovinsky's life is in jeopardy. Vice Gov. Bogdanovich has taken over the administration of the province.

Worried Over Kaiser's Speech.

St. Petersburg, May 16.—The Russian press is considerably exercised over the reports of Emperor William's recent speech at Strausburg, Alsace-Lorraine, criticizing the Russian officials at the front and the German Ambassador, Count Von Alvensleben, has taken pains to issue an official denial of the accuracy of the reports.

Dutch Steamer Confiscated.

Nagasaki, May 16.—The Dutch steamer, the local revenue officer, it is charged that the steamer was fired upon by a Japanese torpedo destroyer while on her way to Vladivostok with Cardiff coal has been declared confiscated by the prize court at Sasebo.

Collector Franks

CHARGED WITH ASSESSING REVENUE EMPLOYEES TO AID DR. W. G. HUNTER.

Civil Service Commissioner Green Making An Investigation.

Owensboro, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—Civil Service Commissioner Green has arrived in the city and has established headquarters at the local internal revenue office. He is investigating charges of violations of the civil service law in the local revenue office. It is charged that Collector E. T. Franks was very much interested in the success of Dr. W. G. Godfrey Hunter in the recent congressional contest and that he levied assessments on his men and aided Dr. Hunter.

Collector Franks, who was seen to-night, said the charges filed with the Commissioner were groundless and he did not fear the outcome of the investigation.

To-night Commissioner Green denied that the local post-office was being investigated. He said that the department was all right. However, Postmaster Van Rensselaer is chairman of the Republican City and County Committee, and there has been some talk of action being taken against him requiring him to resign one of the offices.

ADMITS MONOPOLY

OF FRUIT TRANSPORTATION IN CERTAIN REGIONS.

But President of Armour Lines Denies His Company Is Subject To Interstate Commerce Law.

Washington, May 16.—Before the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce, which is investigating railroad rates, President George R. Robbins, of the Armour Car Lines, yesterday admitted that the company had twenty or thirty exclusive contracts with railroads for fruit transportation business, and acknowledged a monopoly of that traffic in parts of the West and South. Wherever these exclusive contracts applied, he admitted the producers and shippers of freight had to accept the rates laid down by the Armour Car Lines. He claimed that his company was a private one, and therefore not subject to the Interstate Commerce laws. Mr. Robbins, who was the star witness of the day, said that he was not a member of the committee, and that he was not a member of the committee, and that he was not a member of the committee.

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HENDERSON YOUTH CAUGHT AT POCKET PICKING.

Walter McCaslin, Who Has Served Time In Illinois, Arrested In St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 16.—[Special.]—Walter McCaslin, of Henderson, Ky., a diminutive youth of about twenty-two years, with a jockey appearance, who was arrested yesterday by Special Officers Caudle and Kelly in the betting ring of the Fair Grounds race track, to-day admitted to Assistant Chief of Detectives Keady having served a term of imprisonment in Chester, Ill., for safe-cracking. He maintains, however, that somebody else did the work.

According to the detectives, when they arrested McCaslin he was trying to pick the pocket of Edmund R. Rott, land manager of the North American Accident Insurance Company. As Rott was lost nothing, he declined to prosecute. So McCaslin will probably be given hours to leave town.

LOUISVILLE

Probable Center of Big Plow Combine.

CAPITALIZED AT \$6,000,000.

B. F. AVERY & SONS, OLIVER AND MOLINE PLANTS INCLUDED IN PROGRAMME.

Overtures of Three Months Ago Said To Be Near Adjustment.

BIG LOCAL IMPROVEMENTS.

With the successful culmination of the project on foot to combine three of the largest plow factories in the United States, a company with a capital stock amounting to nearly \$6,000,000 will be formed and the general offices of the company probably will be located in Louisville, which will then own one of the largest branches of the concern, in the plant of B. F. Avery & Sons, now located at Fifteenth and Main streets. The latter firm is now negotiating for fifty acres of ground in the suburbs of Louisville, to be used in the erection of a plant which will increase the capacity of the present factory at least 25 per cent. and supply employment for about 1,200 men. Although the officials of the company are silent in connection with the decision to erect a larger plant, it is stated that the new factory will be one of the most important centers of the combine, and probably will contain the general offices of the new company.

Plans for the combination of the Oliver Chilled Plow Company, of South Bend, Ind.; the Moline Plow Company, of Moline, Ill., and B. F. Avery & Sons, of Louisville, have been on foot for several weeks, and should they be successful the combined capital will furnish sufficient means to secure control of the remaining plow companies in the United States, of which there are now about eighteen.

APENITA

The Best Natural Purgative Water in Bilious Attacks and Disorders of the Liver.

Little difficulty in dictating trade relations.

World-Wide Business.

Plows made in the United States are sent all over the world and the American firms at present control practically all the farm implement and plow trade in the world. B. F. Avery & Sons, alone, which is one of the largest and most extensive firms on the continent, ship their product all over the South, to Mexico, South America, Cuba, Central America, Africa and the East. Their representatives are stationed in these territories at all times and have a large number of men traveling constantly around the world, stopping at the most important points and supplying the largest dealers with implements made in Louisville.

The decision to erect an enlarged plant was reached by B. F. Avery & Sons only a short time ago and has been necessitated by the increase in trade. The present plant, located at Fifteenth and Main streets, has become entirely inadequate to the demands of the business, although 800 employees are now connected with the plant, turning out carloads of carloads of implements each day. A site for the new plant has not been selected, but will be located in the suburbs of the city near some leading railroad line. About fifty acres will be purchased and the enormous buildings of the concern will be stretched over the property. No estimate of the cost of the new plant will be made by the interested officials until the plans are accepted within the next three months, and it is thought by the officers that the new factory will be completed within twelve months.

Louisville's Chances Best.

With the construction of such extensive factories in Louisville and owing to its central location, the chance of the city to secure the general offices of the combine plow factories is excellent, and George C. Avery, president of B. F. Avery & Sons, is said to be in the city for this purpose. The combination of the three companies would mean a general reorganization of the business, and instead of a pool of capital, it is said that the entire combined stock will be merged into a new company. Of this the plants at Mober, South Pacific, Louisville will be mere branches and in later years, when the minor companies are gradually merged into the combine, the branches will be extended throughout the continent.

NO ACTION TAKEN

IN THE MATTER OF LOOMIS-BOWEN EMBROIDERIES.

DISCUSSED IN THE CABINET.

Taft Says It May Require Several Days To Develop All The Facts.

Washington, May 16.—Some important subjects were considered by the cabinet at its semi-weekly meeting, the principal one being the Loomis-Bowen case. Early in the day Minister Bowen presented to Secretary Taft his response to the statement of Secretary Loomis. Before Secretary Taft reached the White House to attend the cabinet meeting a request reached him from Mr. Bowen for Taft's signature bearing upon the controversy which were in the State Department. These were furnished to him with the understanding that he would make an additional statement regarding the facts disclosed in the papers. That statement has not reached Secretary Taft yet and no definite action will be taken in the case until Mr. Bowen has received and submitted to Secretary Taft. Just prior to the cabinet meeting Joseph Paul, a representative of Venezuela in this country, called at the White House and had a talk with the President regarding the pending case. During the cabinet meeting Mr. Bowen called at the White House, and through Secretary Loomis sent a note to Secretary Taft. The note simply indicated the presence at the executive office of Senator Foster of Missouri, a friend of Mr. Bowen, whom the Minister desired to talk with the President and Secretary Taft. The talk lasted some time. Senator Foster did not disclose the details of the interview, but it is known that, having at one time been connected with the asphalt company in Caracas, he was enabled to throw some light upon the present situation.

A Corner In May Corn. Chicago, May 16.—Corn for delivery on the Board of Trade during the current month is said to have been cornered. As a result the price advanced nearly three cents a bushel on the Board of Trade to-day in less than five minutes time. It was not until the buyers were supplied, the close was below the top figure reached.

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TO CALL BIG GAINS

National Convention of Waterway Interests. Made By the Democrats in Hemenway's District.

A PERMANENT COMMITTEE PLURALITY CUT TWO-THIRDS.

TO BE NAMED ON THE QUEEN CITY TO-DAY.

RANSDELL WILL HEAD IT.

Rivers and Harbors Committee Is Warmly Welcomed Down the Ohio.

WIND UP AT CAIRO TO-NIGHT.

Evansville, Ind., May 16.—[Special.]—In the special election in the First Indiana congressional district to-day to choose a successor to James A. Hemenway, elected to the United States Senate to take the place of Charles W. Fairbanks, Judge John H. Foster, Republican of this city, was elected over Maj. G. V. Menzies, Democrat, by an estimated plurality of 1,100, compared to 3,758 for Hemenway in the regular election last fall. The official vote in this (Vanderburg) county gives Foster 1,839 plurality. Foster carried Pike county by a plurality of 150 to 165 and Spencer county by 142 to 165. Menzies carried his own county (Posey) by a plurality of 612. Hemenway carried by about 200 and Gibson county by 112 with one township to hear from, which will bring the Democratic plurality up in Gibson county to about 175.

Democratic Gain.

In the country precincts about 60 per cent. of the vote was cast, while

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This committee will be formed at a meeting on the boat to-morrow, and will be composed as follows: Two Congressmen, two men identified with the river traffic, two men representing business organizations, and one newspaper man from each of the following cities: Washington, Pittsburg, Cincinnati and Louisville. Congressman Ransdell, of Louisiana, who suggested the holding of the convention in a speech at Cincinnati, will in all probability be made chairman. The committee will be given full power to make arrangements for the convention and to co-operate with the Ohio Valley Improvement Association, which will be represented in the body.

Sure of Nine-Foot Stage.

At the reception on the boat to-night speeches were made by Congressmen Sherman, Ashcroft, Bode, Doyne and Bishop. Each speaker devoted much of his time to the proposed convention and expressed his belief that it will bring the means to the end of getting a nine-foot stage from Cairo to Pittsburg.

Franklin Post, president of the Ohio Valley Improvement Association, presided at the meeting.

The women of Evansville sent flowers to the boat in such profusion that the cabin resembled an immense conservatory.

The boat left Evansville at 10:30 o'clock to-night and will arrive at Cairo to-morrow night. A great reception and banquet will be given in the city to-morrow night. The Congressmen will then depart for their various homes.

The success of the trip has so long been a certainty that it is now only spoken of as a foregone conclusion.

Cannellton's Enthusiasm.

The members of the Rivers and Harbors Committee were welcomed to their staterooms on the Queen City at 7 o'clock this morning by the booming of the cannon at Cannellton, a band playing, and the industrial city of Cannellton, where the boat did not make a stop, but where the people were sufficiently enthusiastic to send a delegation to the boat to meet the committee.

The first stop was made at Tall City, where the citizens turned out in great numbers to greet the committee. The boat stopped at the hotel and each member of the committee was given a handsome bouquet of fresh roses, with a ribbon expressing the good will of the citizens for the project of canalizing the river. Three of the girls remained on the boat and gave flowers to those who appeared on deck later in the day.

Thousands Greet Committee at Owensboro.

Thousands of persons, were on the shore at Owensboro to welcome the Queen City and her passengers. The Reception Committee escorted the visitors to the hotel and gave them a banquet. The ladies of the city, who were lined along the bank in a solid mass of national colors. At that point, the Evansville committee boarded the boat and the boat proceeded to Newburg, where the committee was met by a delegation of citizens. The boat stopped at the hotel and each member of the committee was given a handsome bouquet of fresh roses, with a ribbon expressing the good will of the citizens for the project of canalizing the river. Three of the girls remained on the boat and gave flowers to those who appeared on deck later in the day.

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Real Estate Transfers.

C. A. Parker to B. J. Lehman, 30 feet, north side of River, 110 feet east of Fifth, \$4,000.

Simon N. Jones to Catherine R. Black, 25 feet, northwest corner Walnut and Brook, \$200.

George W. Check, Jr. to C. Niemeler, 51 feet, south side Kentucky, 250 feet east of Third, \$1,000.

D. G. Coates to E. L. Balfour, lots 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, \$1,000.

H. E. Cochran to John Balmer, 3 acres, Jefferson county, \$1,000.

J. H. Leininger to Robert Lusting, 25 acres, north side of River, 71 feet west of Twenty-third, \$500.

L. C. Miller to F. J. Heitger, 30 feet, northeast side Baxter, 40 feet northwest of Locust, \$75.

Edison Wood to W. B. Wilcox, east one-half of lot 4, block 2, Faust's Mort, inside addition, \$50.

Commissioner to F. L. Heintz, 30 feet, north side of River, 100 feet west of Clay, \$150.

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INDICTMENT INSUFFICIENT, But Judge Anderson Holds Men Charged With Fraud.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 16.—Judge A. B. Anderson, of the Federal Court, said to-day that he regarded as insufficient the indictment returned by the grand jury of the Federal grand jury at Chicago, charging the Evansville men with fraud in the sale of the Evansville Lodge of Elks and several other secret orders.

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564 churches represented. Their total membership is stated to be 140,000. The Board of Directors for 1905 are: A. L. Orent, E. B. Seefeld, M. W. Harkins, W. G. Smith and Austin Hunter. The officers are: President, A. B. Phillips; Vice President, G. M. Anderson; Recording Secretary, Austin Hunter; Corresponding Secretary, J. O. Rose; Evangelist, T. J. Legg; Treasurer, M. S. Moffett.

GAS HEATER EXPLODES.

Elder Z. T. Sweeney Has a Narrow Escape From Death.

Columbus, Ind., May 16.—[Special.]—Elder Z. T. Sweeney, State Fish and Game Warden and former Consul General to Constantinople, came near losing his life this afternoon. He was bathing when the gas water heater exploded and he was instantly overcome. A colored man broke down the door and carried him from the bath tub. Every doctor in the city was hastily called, and after one and one-half hours' hard work he was revived. He is still in a serious condition, but will recover.

Rode To Their Death Asleep.

Kokomo, Ind., May 16.—Elgie Houser, twenty years of age, and Charles Ele, nineteen years of age, sons of farmers living near Kokomo, were killed at a crossing on the Pennsylvania railroad early to-day. The two young men had been in Kokomo and had started home, but were killed by a passing train. It is presumed they fell asleep.

AMOS G. McCAMPBELL

EXPELLED FROM THE CHICAGO BOARD OF TRADE.

VIOLATION OF THE RULES

In Operating a "Bucket Shop" the Charge On Which Action Was Based.

Chicago, May 16.—[Special.]—A. G. McCampbell, suspended from the Board of Trade here in 1889 for bucket-shop practices, was to-day expelled from membership. His original suspension was for five years, or until he had cleared himself of the charges. Since that time, it is said, he has been openly running a bucket shop at Louisville under the name of Burt & McCampbell. Last October McCampbell entered the employ of the Chicago Newspaper Company. The failure of Burt & McCampbell last fall attracted the attention of the Chicago Board of Trade, which recently sought reinstatement it afforded an opportunity to present the evidence and expel him. McCampbell wanted reinstatement in order to sell his membership.

Another Move In Taylor Suit.

Attorneys for E. H. Taylor, Jr., & Sons in the action against Marion E. Taylor, of Louisville, growing out of the use of certain trademarks, recently decided by the Court of Appeals in favor of the appellants, to-day filed in that court a petition for modification of the opinion of the court. They ask that the court decide that appellants have the exclusive right to the mark in the words "Taylor" and "Old Taylor" by their application to the Patent Office to register their signature trademark, not otherwise; and, third, that appellants are entitled to an order of reference to ascertain profits of appellants during alleged representation of his liquors.

The petition was taken under consideration by the court and will shortly be passed upon.

Landlord Must Settle.

In affirming a judgment of the McCracken Circuit Court in a case of Nahn & Friedman against the Register Newspaper Company, the Chief Justice Hobson, writing, rules that "a landlord is under a positive duty to his tenant that he shall have the enjoyment of the premises and he cannot himself tear off the roof above his tenant's head without being responsible for consequential injury to the tenant, and that he cannot do himself by contracting for its being done by another."

The appellee company secured judgment in the court below for \$1,000 for damage to its newspaper plant in the city of Paducah, which was located in property rented from appellants, by below to recover on a policy of insurance on the life of her husband for \$1,000. The court below decided for the company.

Assessments Passed Upon.

The State Board of Equalization to-day passed finally upon the assessment of property in the counties of Clark, Lee and Floyd. It accepted the assessment as made in the first named county. As to Floyd the board, after hearing witnesses, determined on a 10 per cent. increase in valuation, and that the assessment of town lots should be accepted as made in the county.

FIRST JOINT MEETING SINCE ANTE-BELLUM DAYS.

Baptists From North and South Gather In St. Louis For General Convention.

St. Louis, May 16.—The general Baptist convention, participated in by the Baptists of the North and South and marking their first joint meeting since ante-bellum, began here to-day, being presided over by E. W. Stephens, of Kentucky, Mo., the newly elected president of the Southern Baptist Conference. More than 1,000 visitors have arrived to attend the national Baptist anniversary of 1905, of which celebration to-day's convention is a part, and it is expected that 2,000 more will arrive within the next two days.

The Women's Baptist Home Mission Society concluded its sessions by the election of officers. Mrs. J. N. Crouse was re-elected president for the twenty-seventh annual term and Mrs. G. Burdette was re-elected corresponding secretary for the twenty-sixth annual term. Mrs. N. J. Dean, of Kansas, was elected recording secretary, and Mrs. A. H. Barber, of Tennessee, was elected treasurer.

Twenty-nine vice presidents were elected, representing all parts of the country. Mrs. Mary P. Jones, a missionary in the far Northwest, made an address reviewing the work of the society in that section of the country. Mrs. A. J. Mymori, a Japanese woman, told of mission work in Japan. A group of Indians from Indian Territory were present to represent their people.

Funeral of Charles B. Pearce.

Mayville, Ky., May 16.—The funeral of Charles B. Pearce took place to-day and was attended by a large crowd of leading citizens. The Rev. Henry M. Scudder, of Carlisle, conducted the services.

SUES TO RECOVER \$170 PAID AS FINE.

ALBERT G. JEFFERS CLAIMS

HE WAS "HELD UP" BY CIRCUIT JUDGE R. FRANK PEAK.

UNUSUAL CHARGES ARE MADE.

Frankfort, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—A petition filed in the Franklin Circuit Court to-day by Judge J. H. Polsgrove, of the local bar, as counsel for Albert G. Jeffers, Sheriff of Franklin county, and in which State Auditor S. W. Hager, Commonwealth's Attorney Charles Sanford, of the Twelfth Judicial district; County Attorney Wilkes Morgan and Circuit Clerk G. W. Walcott, of Anderson county, are named as defendants, makes rather unusual charges against Circuit Judge R. Frank Peak, of Shelby county. The action is for the recovery from the State Auditor of the sum of \$170, paid to his department by the Trustees of the Jury Fund for the county of Anderson, which sum Sheriff Jeffers, the plaintiff, says is part of \$187 for which sum "he was held up," and paid rather "than undergo the humiliation of being locked up in jail" by reason of an "arbitrary" and "unlawful" order of the Circuit Judge.

The petition recites that the plaintiff, on May 4 last, appeared in the Anderson Circuit Court in response to a rule requiring him to show why he should not be punished for contempt for failing to collect a certain execution which had been issued from the Clerk's office of the said county. The plaintiff, in answer

DEAL

Made For Sale of Dark Tobacco Crop.

FIGHT ON THE TRUST WON.

CLAIM MADE BY PLANTERS' PROTECTIVE ASSOCIATION.

CONTRACT WITH NEW YORKER.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—An important meeting of the Executive Committee of the Dark District Planters' Protective Association was held here this afternoon. President Charles Fort of Robertson county, Tenn., presided, and Vice President Charles E. Baker, Secretary Snodden, F. G. Ewing, chairman of the Executive Committee, and a majority of the chairman of the county organizations in the nineteen counties in this dark tobacco belt were present.

The feature of the meeting was the report of Chairman Ewing, who returned yesterday from New York, where he spent several weeks in the interest of the association. While declining to give the result of his trip in detail, the committee expresses itself as jubilant over the outcome, and confident that the fight of the farmers against the Tobacco Trust is practically won. A committee was appointed to draw up a contract with G. Rozins, of New York, in the interest of the association and reported that the entire 1904 crop of the members of the organization is involved in the transaction.

Chairman Ewing was instructed to forward to all the county chairmen pledges for the 1905 crop, and President Fort says that the result of his trip pledges will sound the death knell of the trust. The Executive Committee claims that 50 per cent of the 1904 crop is now pledged to the association. The committee members present stated that the trust, anticipating a movement of this sort, was already offering farmers on some sections \$10 all around for their next crop.

J. Edwards, of Clarksville, was appointed general classifier for the association. A new tobacco market was established at Springfield, Tenn., subject to the rules of the association, with James Cutch as salesman. Charges for storage were fixed at \$1.75, 1 per cent, and insurance.

WALKER B. ALLEN DEAD.

Former Kentuckian Passes Away While Visiting In Shelbyville.

Shelbyville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—Walker B. Allen, of Austin, died at the home of his brother-in-law, Capt. D. N. Sharp, in this city, at 3:30 o'clock this morning. Mr. Allen had been in declining health for three years, but was able to get about, and his death this morning came as a great shock to his relatives and friends. Mr. Allen was born in Shelby county twenty years ago and was a member of a well-known and prominent family. He was a son of the late John P. Allen and a brother of John P. Allen and Mrs. Bettie Meriwether, of this city.

Mr. Allen had been living in Austin for twenty years, and returned to Kentucky with his wife last October to visit relatives. He was a member of the Southern Presbyterian church and was widely known. Besides his widow, who before her marriage was Miss Mary J. Sharp, of this county, he is survived by four children, two daughters, Mrs. Lena McNeely and Mrs. Georgia Riley, of Houston, Tex., and two sons, J. P. Allen, of Austin, Tex., and Walker B. Allen, Jr., of Houston. The funeral services will be conducted at the residence of D. N. Sharp tomorrow morning at 10:30 o'clock by the Rev. David M. Smith, pastor of the First Presbyterian church. The burial will be in Grove Hill cemetery.

FLOOD IN MOUNTAINS.

Streams Higher Than For Forty Years.

Owingsville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—Reports from throughout the mountains state that mountain streams have been higher from the rains of the past few days than for forty years. There were big slides in the Red and Kentucky rivers, but no serious damage was done. Many thousands of logs were floated to market and comparatively few were lost. It is believed to be the result of the overflows of last February, when such great damage was done by washouts and high waters. The logging men at that time learned new tricks in the catching of their logs, consequently few were lost. Rafts are running rapidly down the river. The waters still being out of the banks. Ten million feet of logs, it is estimated, have been caught since Saturday in the great booms at Salt Lake and Farmers. More logs were caught higher up the river and will be floated down on the next tide.

REUNION OF '55 CLASS.

Centre College Seeks To Bring Together A Body of Distinguished Students.

Danville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—A movement is on foot by the president of Centre College to have a reunion of the famous class of '55 of the institution. The reunion is believed to be the most famous that ever graduated from a Southern college. Among its members were such men as the late William C. P. Breckinridge, Gov. John Young Brown, John C. Breckinridge, Crittenden, Judge Fontaine Talbot Fox, the Hon. Thomas Marshall Green, Judge Thomas S. Morrow, the Hon. Boyd Winchester, and the Hon. John Young. The reunion will be the first since the famous class left college.

ROUTE CHANGED.

Preliminary Survey of Electric Line Between Danville and Cressboro About Completed.

Danville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—President Azbell, of the Cressboro and Danville Electric railway, has issued a letter to J. A. Quisenberry, of this city, stating that the preliminary survey for the new road between this city and Cressboro, Tenn., will be completed within a few days and the plans will then be forwarded to the committee here. It was at that point that the road would be built from Cressboro through Perryville via a point in Mercer county, near the village of Harrodsburg, to Burgin, but it has been decided to build from Perryville to this city on account of the Southern extension coming from Harrodsburg to Danville. The farmers along the route are so anxious for the new road that they are expected to donate the right of way.

KENTUCKY UNIVERSALISTS.

Semi-Annual Convention To Be Held In Hopkinsville.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—The semi-annual convention of Ken-

HOSPITALS CROWDED

MAJORITY OF PATIENTS WOMEN

Mrs. Pinkham's Advice Saves Many From This Sad and Costly Experience.



It is a sad but true fact that every year brings an increase in the number of operations performed upon women in our hospitals. More than three-fourths of the patients lying on white beds are women and girls who are awaiting or recovering from operations made necessary by neglect.

Every one of these patients had plenty of warning in that bearing down feeling, pain at the left or right of the womb, nervous exhaustion, pain in the small of the back, leucorrhoea, dizziness, flatulency, displacements of the womb or even sterility. All of these symptoms are indications of an unhealthy condition of the ovaries or womb, and if not heeded the trouble will make headway until the penalty has to be paid by a dangerous operation, and a lifetime of impaired usefulness at best, while in many cases the results are fatal.

The following letter should bring hope to suffering women. Miss Lucella Adams, of the Colonnade Hotel, Seattle, Wash., writes:

Dear Mrs. Pinkham:—About two years ago I was a great sufferer from nervous prostration. I had a headache, the doctor prescribed for me and finally told me that I had a tumor on the ovary. I must undergo an operation if I wanted to get well. I felt this was my death warrant, but I spent hundreds of dollars for medical help, but the tumor kept growing. Fortunately I corresponded with an aunt in the New England States, and she advised me to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, as it was said to cure such tumors. I did so and immediately began to improve in health, and I was entirely cured. The tumor disappeared entirely, without an operation. I wish every suffering woman would try this great preparation.

Just as surely as Miss Adams was cured of the troubles enumerated in her letter, just so surely will Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound cure every woman in the land who suffers from womb troubles, inflammation of the ovaries, kidney troubles, nervous exhaustion, and nervous prostration. Mrs. Pinkham invites all young women who are ill to write her for free advice. Address, Lynn, Mass.

Republican Senatorial Convention.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—The Republican Senatorial District Committee for the Sixth district, composed of Christian and Hopkins counties, has called a delegate convention to meet Saturday, May 27, in Madisonville for the purpose of nominating a Republican candidate for State Senator. The basis of representation is one delegate vote for each 200 votes, or any fraction over fifty votes cast for the Republican candidate at the November presidential election in 1904.

Jail Breakers Captured.

Paducah, Ky., May 16.—Two of the alleged murderers who escaped from Smithland by filing the bars of their cell, several nights ago, were captured here. Caseyville, Ky., was taken to Smithland. Those captured are Jim Cowan, white, and Will Proctor, colored. They stole a skiff and rowed up the river and remained together until they reached Caseyville. It is said that John Wells, the other fugitive, went to Owensboro, Ky.

To Attend General Assembly.

Danville, Ky., May 16.—[Special.]—The commencement exercises of the Hopkinsville High School will be held at Union Tabernacle Thursday night, June 1. The annual address will be delivered by the Rev. Carter Hahn Jones, of Louisville. There will be twenty graduates.

Aged Business Man Dead.

Harrodsburg, Ky., May 16.—Charles E. Clark, a well-known citizen and for many years one of the city's most prominent business men, died at his home after several days' illness of causes incident to old age.

THE DEFENSE RESTS

IN HOCH CASE.

State's Attorney In Address To Jury Pictures Prisoner In Colors of Deepest Dye.

Chicago, May 16.—The defense in the trial of Johann Hoch, charged with the murder of a woman, rested its case today. It is expected that a verdict will be reached by the jury.

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DOGS LOSE.

Jeffersonville Prefers Her
Lawns and Flowers.

TO IMPOUND STRAY ANIMALS.
COUNCILMEN HAD DIFFERED ON
QUESTION.

TRAIN KILLS TWO YOUNG MEN.

Well-kept lawns and pretty flower beds won a victory over stray dogs in the Jeffersonville City Council last night and an ordinance was adopted requiring the police to impound all dogs found running at large and to kill all animals not claimed within forty-eight hours. The measure provides that where a dog is known to be valuable he shall be advertised before being killed. A pound fee of fifty cents a day is provided for the dog. The ordinance was passed by a vote of five to four.

When the Council assembled four of the twelve members, Messrs. Schuchert, Spill, Hensel and Wiley, were absent, the latter still being in doubt as to whether he has a right to serve on account of being connected with a corporation operating under a franchise. Felix B. Campbell asked relief from the Council on account of bad drainage at Walnut and Market streets, which he claimed had been made by tapping a sewer. It was referred. The City Council was invited to attend the commencement of the High School at Spill's Theater June 1, which was accepted by a unanimous vote.

A number of property owners living on Ekin avenue, between Watt street and Meigs avenue, petitioned the Council to extend the improvement now being made for a distance of one additional block, from Watt street to Meigs street, on the south side of Ekin avenue, which was referred to the Committee on Streets and Alleys. A petition to drain a pond outside of the city limits on North Spring street was referred. The Finance Committee asked further time to report on the bill of Dr. W. H. Sheets for \$700 on account of services as secretary of the City Board of Health for several years, there being a dispute as to whether he had ever been elected to the position.

The monthly reports of City Clerk Joseph W. Perry for April were read and, according to the latter, the amount of current taxes collected was \$1,165.43, and delinquent taxes \$667.49. Orders amounting to \$882.32 were redeemed. The general fund on May 1 contained \$2,344.54. While the sinking fund contained \$667.46. The Committee on Police and Jail made a report on the question of remodeling the jail, and the City Council, recommending that the plans of Clarence E. Howard be accepted and that the old engine house on West Main street and adjacent lot at Indiana avenue and Fourth street be sold to raise the funds for doing the work.

The report was made by City Attorney H. F. Dilger, rendered a lengthy report on the rights of the city to condemn and tear down buildings considered to be dangerous. He being his opinion that the rights were broad and that the city was empowered to take such action as might be deemed necessary, an ordinance to that effect was recommended. The committee appointed to look into the matter of bad drainage at Maple and Pearl streets, it being claimed the property of Mrs. C. Storz was being damaged, and that the drainage was caused by any fault of the city. The Committee on Parks and Recreation was asked to call for bids on remodeling the police station and jail and to convert a part of it into a court room.

TWO MEET DEATH

As the Result of Being Struck By a Train.

When train No. 6 on the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway, which was en route from Cincinnati, reached Jeffersonville yesterday the pilot was spotted and the engine was bent out of shape. While running at a speed of nearly sixty miles an hour, the train struck a buggy containing Elgie Houser, twenty years old, and Charles E. Houser, twenty years old, and the latter was killed. The train stopped and the engine was damaged. The bodies of the two young men were lying on the track. The train was stopped and the engine was damaged. The bodies of the two young men were lying on the track.

What the young men were doing out at that hour of night in a buggy is not known, but when the rig was first seen by the engineer the buggy was standing on the track. The train was stopped and the engine was damaged. The bodies of the two young men were lying on the track.

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JEFFERSONVILLE NOTES.

—Thomas B. Reed was received at the Reformatory yesterday from Tipton county to serve a term of from one to three years for petit larceny.

—Mary E. Wyman yesterday conveyed to Margaret W. Stoner, seven and three-fourths acres of land in Grant 23, for a consideration of \$20.

—Edward Peltz and Maud Peltz yesterday filed an application in the Clark Circuit Court to be allowed to adopt John Edwin Terrell, who is six years old, and to give him the name John Edwin Terrell.

—Proof of service was made yesterday in the divorce suit of Melia Rose against Charles Rose, but the defendant failed to appear at appearance, and Judge Montgomery notified Prosecutor Zollman to represent him.

—Thomas Bacon was arrested by Constable John Barker in Port Fulton on a charge of intoxication, and being City Judge Schwanninger yesterday morning he was fined \$10 and costs and went to jail for eleven days.

—Evidence has been secured to show that several persons have been attempting to evade the law by using aliases. The case is being handled by the city attorney. The case is being handled by the city attorney.

—The support suit of Charlotte Carlin against Elmer Carlin was dismissed yesterday in the Clark Circuit Court from the fact that the defendant failed to appear at appearance, and Judge Montgomery notified Prosecutor Zollman to represent him.

—The motion for a new trial in the suit

CHANGES

Will Be Made In Commercial Club Committees.

EXECUTIVE BOARD TO MEET.

PRESIDENT ENGELHARD WILL
DO AWAY WITH DEAD ISSUES.

HEAVY TRAFFIC IN SUMMER.

At the first meeting of the newly-elected Board of Directors of the Commercial Club, to be held at 4 o'clock this afternoon, V. H. Engelhard, president, will recommend a number of changes in the personnel of the standing committees of the organization. At the same meeting the chairman of the committees will be announced and later the members will be selected by the president and the different chairmen.

In preparing for an organization of its standing committees Mr. Engelhard discovered that a number of committees originated several years ago were useless, having been appointed for specific duties, which have been performed and are no longer pertinent. A number of years ago committees were appointed to promote such projects as parks, libraries, new streets and other municipal improvements, and since the establishment of the library, the construction of the parks and the improvement of the streets, the committees' duties have disappeared.

"I will doubtless recommend," said Mr. Engelhard, "that the standing committees be abolished altogether, and that the duties of the committees be taken up by the executive board, and that the duties of the committees be taken up by the executive board, and that the duties of the committees be taken up by the executive board."

The various ticket offices of the railroads running out of Louisville are receiving numerous inquiries concerning tickets for the coming summer and the rush of vacation excursionists promises to be heavier than ever before. The chief points of interest seem to be the Gulf coast and Texas. A number of parties are planning trips to Cuba under special arrangements.

Large reductions in passenger fares have recently been made by the Illinois Central and the Louisville and Nashville roads. The reduction is considered a forerunner of similar cuts throughout the country, and it is expected that the Louisville and Nashville roads will have as yet been unaffected.

Homier Fisher, late of New Orleans, has been appointed general agent for the Louisville and Nashville road. The latter station is one of the most important on the line.

Allen Taylor and others against Zachariah Taylor, to contest the will of Mary Taylor, in which a jury returned a verdict for the plaintiffs, was overruled yesterday and an appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court.

Raiders are being made on the flower beds in the courthouse yard that were planted at a cost of nearly \$40, and if the men who are committing the crime are captured a complaint for petit larceny will be filed against them and they will be sent to jail.

An execution has been issued from the office of Circuit Clerk G. W. Badger for the arrest of John E. Yerkess, on a judgment amounting to \$135.20 to satisfy a judgment in favor of Thomas E. Bortoff, of Kokomo, Ind., for \$135.20.

The suburban line of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis railway between this city and New Albany is being rebalanced and put in the best possible shape so that quick time can be made when it gets to running across the bridge.

On account of stock grazing being prohibited in the city under a new ordinance, the city has been notified that the law against weeds being allowed to grow would be enforced to the letter this year and that the city would be required to begin cutting them next month.

Frank W. Vincent, twenty-one years old, whose home is at 322 Knobloch avenue, Port Fulton, was arrested yesterday by a constable on a charge of larceny. He was taken to jail and his relatives are at a loss to know what they were doing out so late.

The school enumeration for this county has been completed and shows there are 4,322 children of school age. Of these there are 2,322 colored males and 2,000 colored females, and 2,000 white males and 2,322 white females.

The first jury trial in the Jeffersonville Circuit Court yesterday was for the murder of a man named John E. Yerkess, who was shot by a constable on a charge of larceny. The jury returned a verdict of guilty and the defendant was sentenced to the reformatory for a term of from one to three years.

The support suit of Charlotte Carlin against Elmer Carlin was dismissed yesterday in the Clark Circuit Court from the fact that the defendant failed to appear at appearance, and Judge Montgomery notified Prosecutor Zollman to represent him.

The motion for a new trial in the suit of Allen Taylor and others against Zachariah Taylor, to contest the will of Mary Taylor, in which a jury returned a verdict for the plaintiffs, was overruled yesterday and an appeal will be taken to the Supreme Court.

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SEPARATE

City and County Committees
Teeth and Chairmen.

REPUBLICAN PARTY RULES

PROBABLY WILL CONTAIN THIS
MARKED CHANGE.

G. D. DANIELS WINS CONTEST.

Separate city and county committees in counties containing towns of the fourth class or higher, with different chairmen, will be required under the new rules, which were discussed yesterday by the Republican State Central Committee at an all-day session in its headquarters in the Illinois Life building. The rule was not finally adopted yesterday, all the rules being referred back to a subcommittee to revise them. It was recommended by Judge Cardwell in the City Court. The rule was not finally adopted yesterday, all the rules being referred back to a subcommittee to revise them. It was recommended by Judge Cardwell in the City Court.

The contest in Johnson county was decided in favor of G. D. Daniels, who was declared by the county committee to be the nominee for Sheriff. The only other matter brought before the meeting was the difficulty in Shelby county. This arose over an alleged failure or refusal of the county chairman, Capt. Thomas Todd, to call a meeting of the county committee. The State committee held that the meeting should have been called and ordered that a meeting be held on June 12 at 10 o'clock at the courthouse. It was further decided, and becomes a rule of the committee, that in case of a refusal of the chairman to call a meeting of the committee the secretary may call the meeting upon petition from more than four of the members.

Shelby County Fight. The contest in Shelby county arises over the postmaster of Shelbyville, L. F. Petty, who is at present postmaster, is a candidate for the place again. Another applicant is a son of Capt. Todd, and it is charged that the latter would not call a meeting of the committee because he knew the committee would indict him for the office. Capt. Todd said he understood this for the purpose of the meeting, but he did not intend to call a meeting. He was requested to do so and did not see any reason for a meeting.

Capt. Todd was dissatisfied with the decision of the committee and thought the action was in violation of the rules of the State Central Committee. He was requested to do so and did not see any reason for a meeting.

"Five postmasters are on the committee and they are all candidates for reelection," said the chairman of the committee. "I have called the attention of the State chairman to the fact that officeholders are on the committee in violation of the ruling of Secretary Cardwell. In the case of W. A. Evans, assistant postmaster at Louisville, and he promised that he will look into the matter. The divorce suit of John W. Shilliday against Katherine L. Shilliday was ordered stricken from the docket, one of the litigants having died."

Argument on a motion for a new trial in the case of John W. Shilliday against Katherine L. Shilliday was ordered stricken from the docket, one of the litigants having died."

Mr. Yerkess Has the Say. The committee met promptly at 9 o'clock yesterday morning, all being represented. There was no committeeman from the Eighth district, W. J. Gilmore, who was committee man, having recently died and no one having been selected to fill the position. It is probable that John E. Yerkess, who is from the Eighth district, will be allowed to select the committee man and at the same time secure a contest, as he will be chosen. R. P. Ernst presided. The first business taken up was the Johnson county contest, but as many of the witnesses were absent this was not until after dinner and the question of rules was then discussed. The committee decided to have a report and a general discussion began relative to the changes proposed. No action was taken on the report and the report was sent back to the committee for further revision.

The contest in Shelby county was then taken up and after a long discussion, Capt. Todd and Mr. Petty both made long talks, the committee went into executive session and decided that Capt. Todd was in the wrong. The contestant was then taken up and both announced ready. No witnesses were introduced, the facts being practically undisputed. There was a contest, as the primary, over the office of Sheriff. R. E. Watkins, who was defeated for the nomination, asserted that his name had been used against him and that the ballots were fraudulently marked in many of the precincts. This was denied and the case tried before the county committee, which decided in favor of Mr. Daniels. An appeal was taken to the Supreme Court.

The funeral of Mrs. Isaac Smith took place yesterday morning from the home of her daughter, Mrs. L. B. Smith, at 1215 West Main street. The funeral was held at 10 o'clock and was attended by a large number of friends. The burial was in the cemetery at 11 o'clock.

The annual meeting of the State Medical Society was held at the Hotel Jefferson yesterday morning. The meeting was held at 10 o'clock and was attended by a large number of physicians from all parts of the State. The meeting was held at 10 o'clock and was attended by a large number of physicians from all parts of the State.

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\$3.50 SUE \$4.00

SOME shoes are worn out before they are broken in. The Crossett Shoe has the comfort of an old shoe the first time you put it on. It's anatomically correct.

If your dealer does not keep them, we will send you any style by mail or express on receipt of price with 25c. additional to pay forwarding charges.

Write for illustrated catalog LEWIS A. CROSSETT, Inc. North Abington, Mass.

MAKES LIFE'S WALK EASY

CLOSE

Argument To-morrow In Sutherland Case.

RECEIVERSHIP CASE UP AGAIN.

FLOYD CIRCUIT COURT HAS BUSY DAY.

MOTIONS FOR NEW TRIALS.

Heavy business was transacted in the Floyd Circuit Court at New Albany yesterday. It was announced by Judge Uts that he would hear the completion of the argument on the demurrer to the plea in abatement in the Sutherland case to-morrow morning, when Judge Dowling will make his additional argument against the demurrer.

In the matter of the receivership of the Ohio Falls Co-operative Window Glass Company, the court issued an order that all claims must be filed on or before the first day of the October term. The case of the State ex rel. Myrtle Henderson against William Henderson, suit for false desertion, was set for June 8.

The case of Albert Burkhardt and others against the Southern Railway Company, a suit to recover \$10,000 damages for injury to property, was set for May 29.

The damage suits of Daisy Nicholson and of Frank Hildebrand against the Louisville and Southern Indiana Traction Company, were taken from the trial docket and they may go over to the next term. The divorce suit of George Davis against Katherine L. Shilliday was ordered stricken from the docket, one of the litigants having died.

Chicago, May 16.—With the dual desire of getting away from neighbors who annoy and from playing and singing, and of living a life which he can fashion as he chooses, Oscar Eckstein, an instructor in chemical research at the University of Chicago, has deserted the neighborhood of Midway and is now living in a fisherman's hut on the shore of Lake Michigan, where he prepares his own food, chooses his own companions, and wears the greater part of the time a simple bathing suit.

Dislike for conventions of all kinds and a dislike to attend to the duties of a fisherman's hut on the shore of Lake Michigan, where he prepares his own food, chooses his own companions, and wears the greater part of the time a simple bathing suit.

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We Beg to Announce the Arrival of a

Carload of Refrigerators.

After a thorough examination of a number of lines of Refrigerators we finally selected the ones we are now offering, as they proved to be the best constructed, easiest cleaned and the greatest Ice Saver of any other. Just as an inducement, we will make special prices for this week. We give two of our specials:

Our Leader; ice capacity 30 lbs.; removable drain pipe and shelves; mineral wool filled and zinc lined; special.....\$4.69

Union; made of hardwood; 40 lbs. ice capacity; removable drain pipe and shelves; mineral wool filled and zinc lined; special.....\$9.98

We carry the Peerless Patterns 5c, 10c and 15c.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.

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W. H. MCKNIGHT, SONS & CO., INC. 4th and Walnut.

FURNITURE, CARPETS, RUGS, CURTAINS and DRAPERIES

Great Special Sale of Rugs

Axminster Rugs, 27x54.....\$1.85

Smyrna Rugs, 30x60.....\$1.35

9x12 Jute Smyrna Rugs.....\$10.00

9x12 Crex Rugs.....\$10.00

9x12 Brussels Rugs.....\$10.00

9x12 Brussels Rugs.....\$10.00

Lace Curtain Specials At the Lowest Prices We Have Offered This Season.

Visitors to Louisville

SHOULD NOT FORGET THAT WE ARE THE

Only Exclusive China and Glass Establishment in the City.

STYLE, QUALITY AND PRICE ALWAYS RIGHT.

LIVE TOPICS

On Programme of Association of Manufacturers.

THREE HUNDRED DELEGATES

PRESENT AT OPENING SESSION IN ATLANTA.

A GEORGIA BARBECUE TO-DAY.

Atlanta, Ga., May 16.—More than three hundred of three thousand members of the National Association of Manufacturers, accompanied by a hundred ladies, assembled at the opening of the tenth annual meeting of the association. Representatives from almost every section of the country were present. The importance of the gathering was indicated by the fact that the membership represents a large majority of the thirteen billions of dollars of invested capital of the United States and by the additional fact that among the questions to be discussed during the three days' sessions are international commerce and reciprocity. That strongly diverse views upon the former subject are entertained was manifest in the discussions of the afternoon session when opposition to government control of transportation rates was soundly.

The Opening Session.

The first session was called to order by President R. F. Madsen, of the local Chamber of Commerce, who introduced, to make the welcoming addresses, Gov. J. M. Terrell, Mayor James G. Thompson, and John Temple Graves, editor of the Atlanta News. The response was by Vice President William McCarrill, of New York.

Following these complimentary addresses the regular programme of the convention was taken up. The annual address of President D. M. Parry, of Indianapolis, was first in order. It was along his well-known lines. The report of Treasurer Francis H. Sullivan, of New York, showed the receipts since the last annual report to March 31, 1904, to have been \$15,434, with an unexpended balance at that date of \$7,875.

The report of Secretary Marshall Cushing, of New York, reviewed at length the work of the association under various descriptive heads. Reference was made to the defeat of "bad legislation" in Congress, particularly of the anti-injunction and eight-hour bills. The matter of foreign reciprocity was reported as having shown marked results, less than 3 per cent. of the claims having been returned as "uncollectable." The flourishing condition of the association was commented upon, showing an increasing membership among the responsible manufacturers of the country.

The address of Ludwig Nissen, of New York, was then delivered. D. A. Tompkins, of Charlotte, N. C., followed. His subject was "Cotton, Its Marketing and Equalizing Supply and Price."

Afternoon Session.

The afternoon session was devoted to an address by Charles H. Bridgeport, Conn., on the subject of "The Necessity of Organization, National and Local, and Manufacturers and the People." Following his address came the announcement of Committees on Resolutions, Nominations, Rules and Order and Credentials. The afternoon session and discussion of the report of the Committee on Interstate Commerce closed the business of the day. An elaborate reception was tendered the visitors at the Capital City Club this evening.

One feature of to-morrow's programme will be an address by Samuel Spencer, president of the Southern Railway, the discussion of the Canadian Reciprocity by Eugene C. Carter, of Massachusetts, and an old-fashioned Georgia barbecue.

The selection of the next place of meeting seems to lie between San Francisco and New York. It is said that an effort will be made to bring the 1906 convention to the latter city and make it the permanent meeting place of the association.

DIRECTORS ELECTED

By Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company in New York.

New York, May 16.—At a meeting of the board of directors of the Tennessee Coal, Iron and Railroad Company, Don H. Bacon was re-elected chairman of the board; S. S. Withers, first vice president; L. T. Bercher, second vice president; L. Hoover, secretary and treasurer, and H. R. Sloot, assistant treasurer.

A pamphlet report issued by the company to-day shows that for the year ending December 31 gross earnings were \$2,355,449, a decrease of \$1,053,351, and net earnings of \$1,562,797, a decrease of \$1,327,160 as compared with the previous year. The surplus was \$1,053,351, after paying charges and dividends was \$383,175, a decrease of \$1,345,985.

Don H. Bacon, president and board of directors, in his report said that the low price on pig iron and the reduction in output of coal and coke resulting from the strike in the coal fields, which began in July, were responsible for the decrease.

WILL TOUR THE SOUTH

To Look For Desirable Locations For Italian Immigrants.

Chicago, May 16.—Buren Mayor David P. Archer (Republican) and his wife, Mrs. Archer, will leave for the South today, for a tour of the South to investigate conditions with a view to recommending the country south of Mason and Dixon's line as a desirable location for Italian immigrants.

A special train with 350 land prospectors and business men from points in Minnesota, South Dakota, Nebraska, Iowa, Wisconsin, Illinois, Indiana, Michigan and Ohio left Chicago today for the Illinois Central railroad, which will depart Thursday night, May 18, on an special train over the Illinois Central railroad for a tour of the South to investigate conditions with a view to recommending the country south of Mason and Dixon's line as a desirable location for Italian immigrants.

HARRIMAN INTERESTS

Out of the Kansas City Southern, Says Herman Slicklen.

Kansas City, Mo., May 16.—Herman Slicklen, of New York, who arrived here to-day in company with other Eastern stockholders to attend the annual meeting of stockholders of the Kansas City Southern, which takes place in this city to-morrow, said: "The Harriman interests are out of the Kansas City Southern. The property is controlled in New York. Stockholders in Holland hold six or seven million dollars of the stock, but the control is in New York. We propose to operate it as an independent railroad. It is to be improved and put in shape to carry money for its stockholders. It will be necessary to develop new extensions, including one to New Orleans and there must be a lot of money spent in betterments."

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION:

THE ARONSON CO.,
CLOAKS AND SUITS,
344 Fourth Ave.

J. BACON & SONS,
DEPARTMENT STORE,
332 West Market St.

D. H. BALDWIN & CO.,
PIANOS, ORGANS, PIANO
PLAYERS,
529-531 Fourth Ave.

BESTEN & LANGEN,
LADIES' OUTER GARMENTS,
FURS,
535-540 Fourth Ave.

THE BIG STORE,
CLOTHING, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
424-424 West Market St.

BOSTON SHOE CO.,
FOOTWEAR,
553 Fourth Ave. and 534 Fourth Ave.

A. BUTTON & SON,
GROCERS,
Market and Brook Sts.

BYCK SHOE CO.,
FOOTWEAR TO ALL MAN-KIND,
338 Fourth Ave.

CRUTCHER & STARKS,
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
Fourth and Jefferson Sts.

J. DOLINGER & CO.,
CHINA AND HOUSE FURNISHINGS,
554 Fourth Ave.

EHRICH & CO.,
CLOTHING, MEN'S FURNISHINGS, HATS,
327 West Jefferson St.

ECLIPSE COAL CO.,
COAL,
339 West Market St.

GEO. G. FETTER CO.,
OFFICE SUPPLIES, PRINTERS,
BINDERS,
424 West Main St.

GEHER & SON,
STOVES, RANGES, ETC.,
217 West Market St.

H. J. GUTMAN & CO.,
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
521 Fourth Ave.

JAMES GREEN,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
527 East Market Street.

HARTMAN FURNITURE COMPANY,
FURNITURE AND CARPETS,
436 West Market St.

HUBBACH BROS.,
WALL PAPER AND CARPETS,
524-525 West Market St.

HUSCH BROS.,
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
234 Fourth Ave.

KAUFMAN-STAUS CO.,
DEPARTMENT STORE,
543-545 Fourth Ave.

FRED W. KEISKER & SON,
FURNITURE,
536 Fourth Ave.

WM. KENDRICK'S SONS,
JEWELERS,
336 Fourth Avenue.

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.,
DEPARTMENT STORE,
414-422 West Market St.

Retail Merchants' Association

Composed of the Leading Merchants in Every Line of Business

Invites the people of Kentucky and Indiana to come to Louisville at its expense, and offers to them other substantial inducements in the way of special bargains in seasonable merchandising of all kinds. The association has established permanent and commodious

Headquarters in the Urban Building

232 Fourth Ave., Between Market and Main.

Out-of-town visitors are most cordially invited to call there and avail themselves of all the comforts and conveniences afforded. Pleasant waiting-rooms with toilets and lavatories. Parcels checked; daily papers, writing materials, messenger and telephone service; railroad time tables and general information bureau.

The Proposition

Is to refund round-trip excursion-rate railroad fares for 100 miles. This applies also to points OVER 100 miles distant—the round-trip fare for only 100 miles being refunded. To illustrate: On a ticket from a point 110 miles distant the association refunds the round-trip fare for 100 miles—leaving the ticket-holder only 10 miles of fare to pay for.

How to Get Fares Refunded.

Visit any store belonging to this association—a list of which appears in this advertisement. On making your first purchase ask for a Rebate Book and have the amount of your purchase entered in this book. Keep the book and see that the full amount of every subsequent purchase made at an association store is placed in your book. When through shopping present your Rebate Book and railroad ticket at the Association Headquarters, and if your aggregate purchases have amounted to \$30 your railroad fare will be refunded in cash; and an ADDITIONAL CASH REBATE of 2 per cent. will be made on your purchases in excess of \$30. For further information call on or address the RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, Urban Bldg., Louisville, Ky.

MEMBERS OF THE ASSOCIATION:

JAS. K. LEMON & SON,
JEWELERS,
611 Fourth Ave.

LEVY BROS.,
MEN'S CLOTHING, FURNISHINGS, HATS, SHOES,
Third and Market Sts.

JOHN C. LEWIS CO.,
DEPARTMENT STORE,
558-574 Fourth Ave.

LOEVENHART & CO.,
CLOTHING, HATS, GENTS' FURNISHINGS,
Third and Market Sts.

LORCH & LEVI CO.,
CLOAKS, SUITS, ETC.,
318 Fourth Ave.

W. H. MCKNIGHT, SONS & CO.,
CARPETS AND FURNITURE,
Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.

MONTENEGRO - RIEHM MUSIC CO.,
PIANOS, ORGANS, PIANO PLAYERS,
628-630 Fourth Ave.

H. J. MULLINS,
SHOES AND STOCKINGS,
282 West Market St.

MAMMOTH GROCERY CO.,
FANCY GROCERIES, WINES AND LIQUORS,
Second and Jefferson.

OFFICE SUPPLY CO.,
PRINTERS, OFFICE SUPPLIES,
435 West Main St.

NORMAN & TAYLOR,
CARPETS AND DRAPERIES,
520 Fourth Ave.

RAAB & BOHMER,
COAL,
223 West Market St.

RHODES - BURFORD FURNITURE CO.,
FURNITURE, CARPETS, ETC.,
631-633 West Market St.

ROCHE & ROCHE,
MEN'S FURNISHINGS,
Shirtmakers and High-grade Cloth-ing,
220 Fourth Ave.

RODGERS & KRULL,
JEWELERS AND OPTICIANS,
Fourth Ave. and Green St.

SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG. CO.,
FURNITURE,
421-423 West Market St.

SMITH & NIXON CO.,
PIANOS, ORGANS, PIANO PLAYERS,
622 Fourth Ave.

STARR DRY GOODS CO.,
DRY GOODS, ETC.,
523 Fourth Ave.

STEWART DRY GOODS COMPANY,
DEPARTMENT STORE,
335-341 Fourth Ave.

THALHEIMER & FRANK,
JEWELERS,
321 Fourth Ave.

GEO. WOLF & CO.,
JEWELERS,
528 Fourth Avenue.

LOUIS ZAPP & CO.,
(Incorporated.)
FANCY GROCERIES, WINES, LIQUORS,
524 West Market St.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, May 17.—Payment of Government debt appears to have been accomplished by the New York depositary banks without occasioning a ripple in the money market. The market was quiet, with only a few small transactions. The New York exchange was quiet at 25c premium.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows: Day's clearing, \$2,088,576. Balance, \$3,463.

Brokers were apparently well supplied with money. The clearing-house to-day was quiet. The market was quiet, with only a few small transactions. The New York exchange was quiet at 25c premium.

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On the purely judicial question of the reasonableness and unreasonableness of the law, without strictly judicial procedure; they cannot be equitably protected if one class of characters is subjected to the provisions of the law and another class is exempt from the same. The law is not fair and equitable if it is not applied to all classes of characters. The law is not fair and equitable if it is not applied to all classes of characters.

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We Pay Railroad Fares

As members of the Retail Merchants' Association, we pay railroad fares to out-of-town customers, as per the Association's advertisement on page 8 in this paper to-day.

Levy's Specials

In Men's Suits at

\$10 and \$15

Fancy cassimeres, chevrons and worsteds; black Thibets and blue serges; all guaranteed all-wool fabrics; all sizes and "stout," "slim" and "regular" shapes. Tailor-made and perfect fitting. "Levy's Specials" at \$10 and \$15.

Furnishings, Hats and Shoes

For men and boys; SHOES and HOSIERY for women and girls. "Levy's Specials" in all of these, that visitors would do well to investigate.



Boys' \$5 and \$4
\$6 Norfolk's .. \$4

A special purchase just made at the factory's closing-out price gives us nearly 300 Norfolk suits to put on special sale at \$4. They're \$5 and \$6 goods; in brown and gray crashes; tan, green and gray mixtures in chevrons, blue serges and unfinished worsteds; single-breasted or double-breasted; sizes 6 to 16. Sale starts to-day—at \$4.

Levy Bros.,

Third and Market.
Mail Orders Always Filled.
With Best Values in Stock.

Courier-Journal

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 17, 1905

CITY FEATURES.

Henry Vogt Machine Co. are prepared with their improved facilities to give machine and boiler work prompt attention.

HOPE GONE.

George Warner Ready For the Gallows.

THOUGH FRIENDS STILL WORK

AARON KOHN REFUSES TO ASK COMMUTATION

UNLESS MRS. LEEDS DESIRES.

Pacing the floor of his cage with long, dragging steps, his hands buried deep in his pockets and his head stooped forward, as he smokes the white and heavy cigar that almost blazed out of his mouth, George Warner, who has been in the Jefferson county jail yesterday.

"I can't say anything to-day, boys," he replied to all questions put to him. "Come and see me to-morrow."

He was nervous and seemed incapable of collecting his thoughts. In addition to his changed manner, his appetite has noticeably left him and his sleep is broken and restless. He has given up reading, too, a pastime he has enjoyed ever since his imprisonment, but this is partly due to the fact that his spectacles were broken a few weeks ago and reading pains his eyes.

He has but two more days to live, and yet his attorneys, but a few hours before he was sentenced to hang, watched him closely, attribute his nervous condition rather to the tenacity of the situation than to a full realization of its import. Shut in, helpless to aid himself, the depressed center of the whirlpool of excitement going on about him, Warner himself is resigned to his fate. He has seen his every resource wasted in a vain effort, until now there is nothing left but to wait the hours between him and eternity. Yesterday he telegraphed to his wife, who left Loganport, Ind., last evening for this city. She will bring the children with her for a last visit to their father.

Friends Still At Work.

In the meantime Warner's friends are leaving no stone unturned that will uncover an influence in his favor. Frequent conferences were held yesterday between Attorney J. Solinger and those interested in the case, and they are preparing to play their last card to-day.

Apparently there is little hope of executive clemency. Yesterday afternoon a committee, composed of twenty representatives of labor organizations, waited on Aaron Kohn, who contested the prosecution, and begged him to agree to a commutation of the sentence to life imprisonment. The conference took place in Mr. Kohn's office about 2 o'clock. When the spokesman of the committee had concluded, Mr. Kohn said:

"Gentlemen, I sympathize with any man in Mr. Warner's situation. I appreciate the feeling of sympathy which you have expressed to me, and I am ready to undertake this mission; but as an attorney in this case, I have a duty to perform by my client, and I can agree to no suggestion you make without his consent. I can do nothing for you until I am authorized by Mrs. Leeds."

That ended the interview, and with the statement went the last hope of securing executive clemency, save that afforded in the remote possibility of a committee seeing the Governor personally before the day set for the execution.

"Have you given up hope?" Mr. Solinger was asked.

"Not yet," he replied.

"Have you abandoned the effort to

secure a commutation of the sentence?"

"You may say we have given up nothing," he answered. "And you would be surprised to know the number of people who are actively working for him to-day."

"Affidavits bearing on the mental condition of the prisoner are now being prepared and will probably be presented to Sheriff Schmitt some time to-day. This is for the purpose of inducing him to institute a lunacy inquest. The proceeding will not delay the execution, in event the jury finds Warner sane, as it goes only to his mental condition at the present time, and does not open the inquiry whether he was at himself when he shot the man who was killed."

The list of witnesses at the inquest will necessarily be confined to the jailer and his deputies, reporters and those who have been in constant touch with him for the past several weeks; and their testimony will not consume more than half a day.

CUSTODIAN PFLANZ GETS VOTE OF THANKS.

Makes a Saving of \$1,712.70 For Year Upon Courthouse Expenses.

The report for 1904 of Jailer John R. Pfanz as custodian of the courthouse, made to the Fiscal Court yesterday, showed that he had saved \$1,712.70 out of his appropriation of \$4,250 allowed for the annual maintenance of the building, by his economical rule.

Mr. Pfanz usually turns back to the Fiscal Court at the end of each year, and is given a vote of thanks yesterday by the Fiscal Court for his good work.

The Fiscal Court decided that the First National Bank, the recently elected county depository, would be required to give a bond of \$10,000, which will probably be furnished at the next meeting. An appropriation of \$950 was made for the Board of Park Commissioners to cover the expense of putting the courthouse yard in order. A contract calling for an expenditure of \$2,000 for brickwork necessary in installing the armory heating and lighting plant along with that of the new jail was let.

MRS. WIERWILLE ENDS LIFE WITH CARBOLIC ACID.

Acute Melancholia Assigned As the Cause.

Mrs. Agnes Wierwille, forty-eight years old, committed suicide early yesterday morning by swallowing a dose of carbolic acid at her home, 1317 Eleventh street. Acute melancholia, which had affected her more than a year, is assigned as the cause for the act. She had often before threatened to take her life.

There was no one in the apartment with her when she swallowed the fatal dose, but Mrs. Mary Wollenz, who lives in the same house, found the body lying on the floor at 8:30 o'clock. She immediately called Dr. Harry J. Phillips, who came to the house, and when he came, Coroner Kelly was notified and expressed the opinion that the case was one of suicide, and was sufficient to prove instantly fatal.

Mrs. Wierwille was the widow of William Wierwille, who died six years ago. Mr. Wierwille for many years conducted a saloon at Eleventh street and Broadway, and took an active part in politics. His son, William J. Wierwille, survives.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY

Best Line to Knoxville.

Through Sleepers—Two Trains Daily.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: James A. Kersey and Elizabeth Frost; Claude C. Porter and Anna Adele; Oliver, Charles Shanks and Lillian Frances Welch; Fred Ohlenschlager and Mary Western; William H. Pritch and Minnie Uebelhor.

Gaban's Case Continued.

The case of James M. Gaban, charged with sending threatening letters through the mails, was continued in Federal Court yesterday until the October term of court on motion of R. D. Hill, District Attorney.

ON TRIAL.

Troubles of Klein Family Again In Court.

ALIENATION OF AFFECTIONS.

MILTON H. SMITH AND WIFE PAY BACK TAX CLAIMS.

SUITS FOR DAMAGES FILED.

Second trial of the \$50,000 damage suit of Lettie Mabel Klein against Ida B. and Edward A. Klein, her parents-in-law, for alleged alienation of her husband's affections, was taken up yesterday in Judge O'Doherty's court. Special Judge James T. Woodson presiding. The plaintiff, who lives at Clinton Junction, Wis., and Garnett Russell Klein, only son of the defendants, were married in June, 1903, and lived together a few months. After their marriage in Wisconsin the couple came here and made their home with the elder Kleins.

Young Mrs. Klein alleges that her mother-in-law exerted herself in various ways to poison the mind of Garnett Russell Klein against the plaintiff and finally succeeded. She says that she was at last forced to go back to her father's home. Young Klein met his wife while he held a position in Wisconsin, but is now connected with the general office of the Louisville and Nashville here as draughtsman.

After the separation Mrs. Klein sued for alimony and was not awarded \$25 a month by Judge Miller. The husband's counter claim for absolute divorce was denied. Judge Miller holding that he did not think the evidence justified either plaintiff or defendant being given a decree of divorce.

Mother-in-Law Blamed.

All the plaintiff's proof was completed yesterday and the elder Mrs. Klein was on the stand. She further related a number of instances in which, according to her version, she was treated harshly by her husband on account of her mother-in-law's influence. Depositions of persons in Wisconsin who were present at the wedding were denied. Release of the plaintiff had been heard to say that she would rather see her son dead than married to any woman. It was alleged further that she had caused the death of her son by her influence.

Depositions of persons in Wisconsin who were present at the wedding were denied. Release of the plaintiff had been heard to say that she would rather see her son dead than married to any woman. It was alleged further that she had caused the death of her son by her influence.

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